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Agenda

- Financial Intelligence & Investigation Bureau
- Money Laundering & Terrorist Financing Methods
- Key Legislation
- Suspicious Transaction Reports
- Sectorial sharing
- Sharing and Case Studies



Financial Intelligence and Investigation Bureau

Financial Investigation Division

• Responsible for money laundering and terrorist financing investigations

Joint Financial Intelligence Unit

- Processes and analyses suspicious transaction reports
- Exchanges financial intelligence with other local and foreign law enforcement agencies (leas)
- Maintains close liaison with banks and other stakeholders

Headquarters

•Looks after AML/CFT policy and legislation matters, strategic analysis and ongoing territory-wide risk assessment, training and outreaching



Methods of Money Laundering & Terrorist Financing



What is ML & TF?

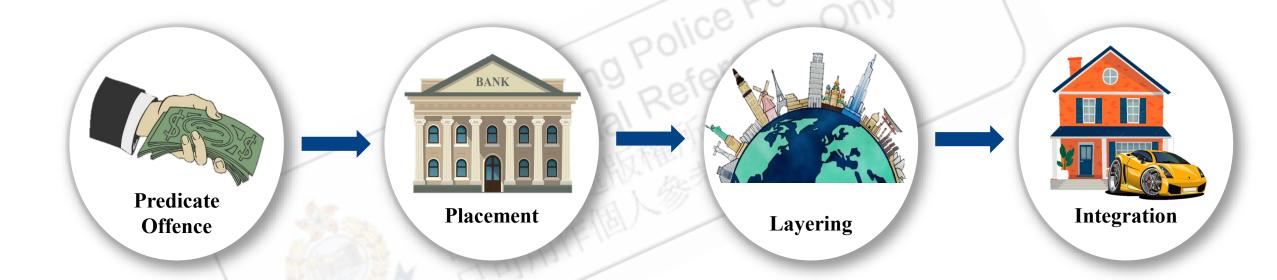
"Money Laundering is the processing of these criminal proceeds to disguise their illegal origin. This process is of critical importance, as it enables the criminal to enjoy these profits without jeopardizing their source."

"Terrorist financing is the financing of terrorist acts, and of terrorists and terrorist organizations."





Methods of Money Laundering





Methods of Terrorist Financing









Key Legislation

Drug Trafficking (Recovery of Proceeds) Ordinance(DTROP, Cap. 405) 販毒(追討得益)條例 (第405章)

Organized and Serious Crimes Ordinance (OSCO, Cap. 455) 有組織及嚴重罪行條例 (第455章)

United Nations (Anti-Terrorism Measures) Ordinance (UNATMO, Cap. 575) 聯合國(反恐怖主義措施)條例 (第575章)

AML & CFT (Financial Institutions) Ordinance (AMLO, Cap. 615) 打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集(金融機構)條例 (第615章)



Key Legislation (AML)

Any person

- Knowing or having reasonable grounds to believe
- Any property
- In whole or in part directly or indirectly represents proceeds of drug trafficking / indicatable offence
- Deals with the property

Maximum Penalty:

- HKD 5 Million fine
- 14 years' imprisonment

S.25 of Cap. 405 DTROP S.25 of Cap. 455 OSCO





Key Legislation (CFT)

Any person shall not

- Provide or collect directly or indirectly
- Any property
- With the intention that the property be used or knowing that the property will be used
- In whole or in part to commit one or more terrorist acts

Maximum Penalty:

- 14 years' imprisonment

S.7 of Cap. 575 UNATMO





Key Legislation (STR)

Any person

- Knows or suspects
- Any property represents / was used / is intended to be used in connection with the proceeds of drug trafficking or terrorist property
- Should disclose that knowledge or suspicion to an authorized officer (i.e. JFIU)

Maximum Penalty:

- Level 5 fine (HKD 50,000)
- 3 months' imprisonment

S.25A of Cap. 405 DTROP S.25A of Cap. 455 OSCO S.12 of Cap. 575 UNATMO





Key Legislation (STR Cont'd)

Where a person

- Knows or suspects that a disclosure has been made
- The person shall not disclose to another person any matter
- Which is likely to prejudice any investigation which might be conducted following that first-mentioned disclosure

S.25A of Cap. 405 DTROP S.25A of Cap. 455 OSCO S.12 of Cap. 575 UNATMO

Maximum Penalty:

- HKD 500,000 fine
- 3 years' imprisonment

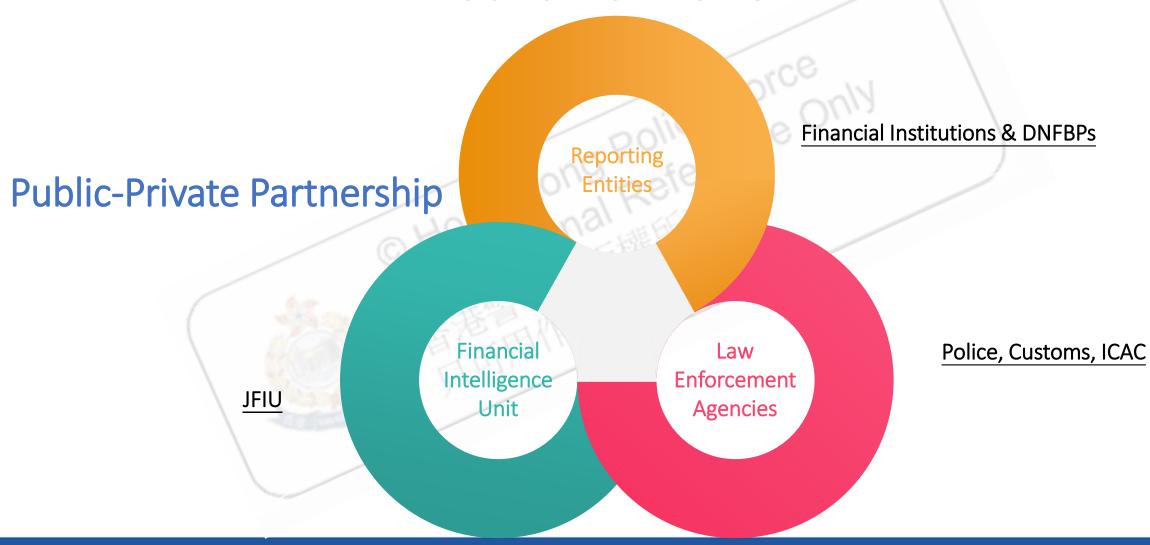




Suspicious Transaction Report

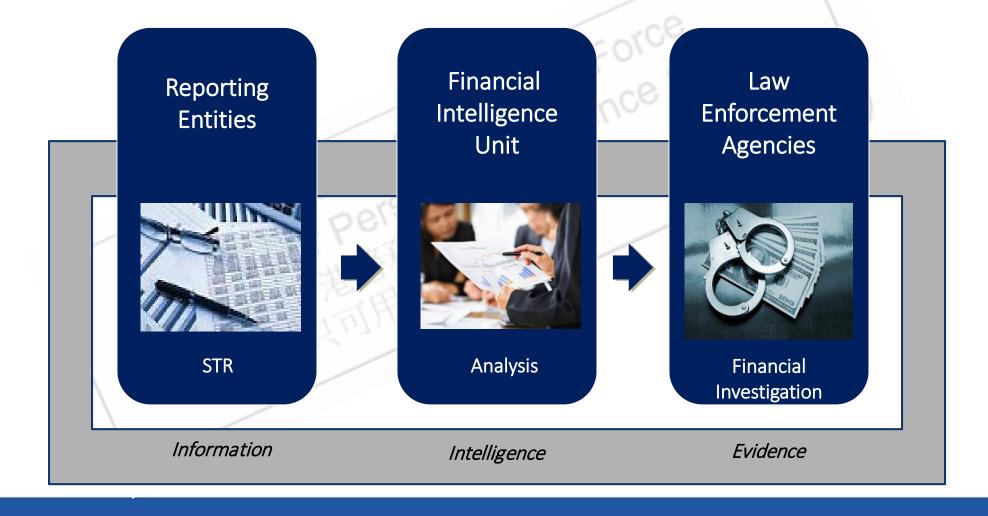


Mechanism of STR





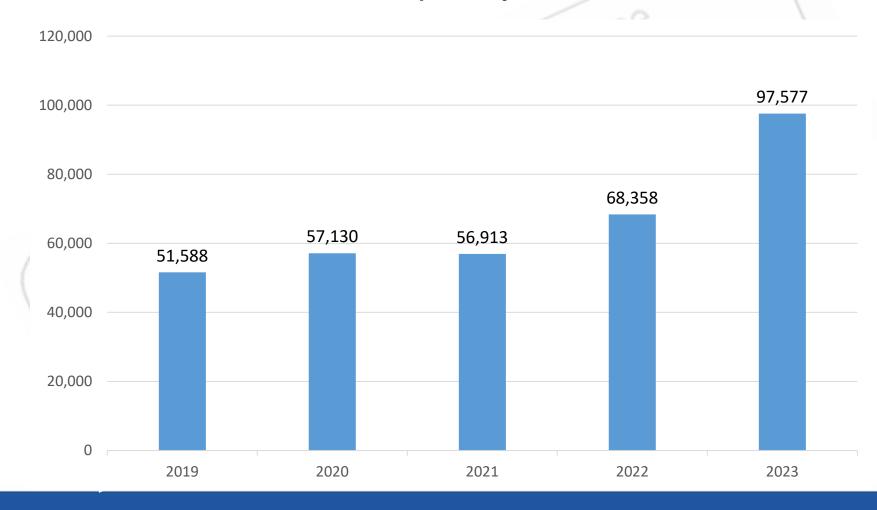
STR Mechanism





STR Statistics

Number of STRs received in the past 5 years

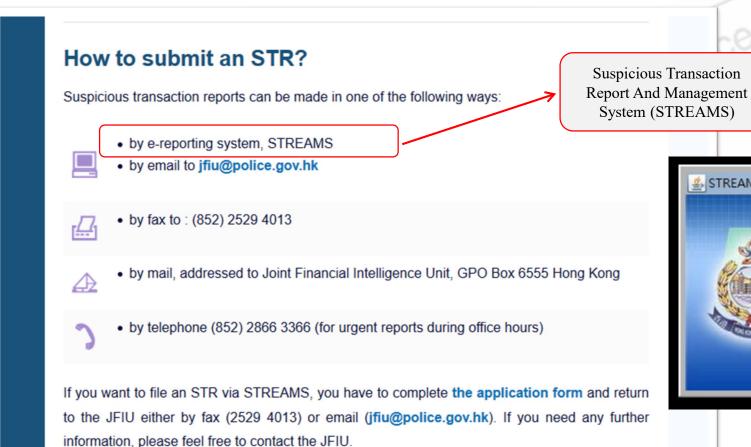


Breakdown of STRs filed by different sectors in 2023

Sector	No. of STRs received in 2023	Percentage (%)
Financial Institutions (FIs)	FOIL	Vlar
Banks	84,781	86.89%
Stored Value Facilities Licensees	6,501	6.66%
Money Service Operators	2,407	2.47%
Insurance Companies	1,327	1.36%
Securities Firms	553	0.57%
Money Lenders	492	0.50%
Virtual Asset Trading Platforms	5	0.01%
Designated Non-Financial Business and Pr	ofessions (DNFBPs)	
Legal Professionals	677	0.69%
Trust and Company Service Providers	161	0.16%
Estate Agencies	79	0.08%
Dealers in Precious Metals & Stones	14	0.01%
Accounting Professionals	10	0.01%
Others	570	0.58%
Total	97,577	100%



Reporting of STR







Recommended Structure of STR

Subject								
Sequence No:	1							•
English Name:	Family Name:		Given	Name:			Middle	Name:
Chinese Name:		ссс:		ШШ			HKID:	
Other ID	Type:			•	if Others	s:		
+ -	ID No.:				Country	:		
DOB:			Gender:	M	□F	∡ ∪	Occupat	tion:
Nature:							•	
Phone:								
Email: + -								
Address:								
Additional Information:								

aglic					
			Organization) (Phor	ne) (Adk	dress (Account (Transaction
Suspected Crimes			Source Info. Entity	$\overline{}$	Check Save Prin
Account					
Sequence No:	1				+
Account Institution:					
Account Number:			Account Type:	•	if Others:
Opening Date:			Closing Date:		
Balance:	Currency: HKD	•	Amount: + -		Date:
Related Person:			Role:	V	if Others:
Related Company:			Role:	•	if Others:
Additional Information:					



Recommended Structure of STR Narrative

1) Triggering Factors









2) Background of Subject(s)







Recommended Structure of STR Narrative

- **Transactions**
- Reporting Entity's Enquiries & **Open Source Information**
- Conclusion & Way Forward















Feedback of STR

- Acknowledgement of receipt
- Consent / No Consent / N/A
- Quarterly STR analyses
- Meeting with stakeholders









Licensing of Money Lender

Money lenders must have a valid money lender's license

In Hong Kong, you can borrow money from:



Licensed banks



Deposit-taking companies



Money lenders

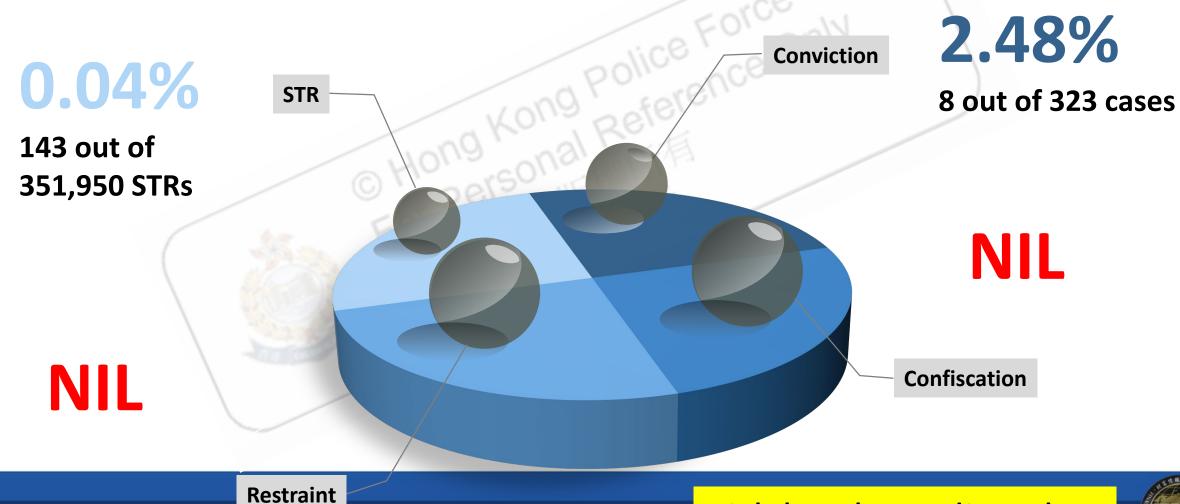


Hong Kong Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing Risk Assessment Report 2022 Summary of Sectoral Threat Ratings

Sector	Rating in 1 st HRA	Rating in 2 nd HRA
Bank (incl' Virtual Banks)	High	High
Securities	Medium	Medium
Insurance	Medium-low	Medium-low
MSO	Medium-high	Medium-high
Accountants	Medium-low	Medium-low
Lawyers	Medium-low	Medium-low
Estate Agents	Medium-low	Medium-low
TCSPs	Medium	Medium
DPMS	Medium-low	Medium-low
SVFs	Medium	Medium
Virtual Asset Service Providers	Low	Medium-low
Money Lenders	Medium-low	Medium-low
Non-bank Credit Card Companies	N/A	Low
Standalone Financial leasing	N/A	Low



Sectoral Threat Assessment



Consumer Over-Indebtedness



Excessive exposure to misleading advertisement



Ease of borrowing



Overspending



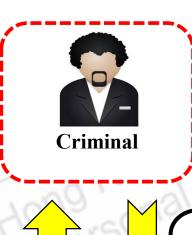
Limited access to financial advice







Case Study (1)











Crime Proceeds



Money Lender

Case Study (2)

